

NWC05



10 天中国南疆辉煌之旅

10D SOUTHERN XINJIANG

Super Travels Pte Ltd

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行程要点

❖ 全程无购物

- 博斯腾之莲花湖（含游船）
- 轮台胡杨林公园
- 天山神秘大峡谷
- 克孜尔千佛洞
- 龟兹古城
- 沙雅太阳岛胡杨林
- 塔克拉玛干沙漠
- 千里葡萄长廊
- 叶尔羌王宫
- 盖孜峡谷
- 慕士塔格峰
- 卡拉库里湖
- 白沙湖
- 艾提尕清真寺
- 吾斯塘博依
- 香妃墓
- 喀什中亚国际贸易市场



住宿

全程：四星+五星标准酒店

乌鲁木齐：海德大酒店或瑞豪国际或鸿福大饭店或尚德大酒店或涵唐大酒店同级

库尔勒：康城建国或梨城花园或维也纳大酒店或同级

库车：国际大酒店或丽都大酒店或华悦大酒店或库车饭店或同级

阿拉尔：格林东方或丽枫酒店或维也纳3好酒店或按漫君悦或同级

和田：华豫大酒店或和天下国际大酒店或和玺酒店或金鹰国际酒店或同级

喀什：月星锦江或其尼瓦克或格林东方或凯里亚德或格美酒店或同级



必须自费项目

胡杨林公园小火车+烤全羊+香妃墓歌舞演出=600元/人



第一天：新加坡→(上海/北京/广州)→乌鲁木齐 (晚餐)

今天集合于樟宜机场，搭乘飞机飞往丝绸之路上“优美的牧场”乌鲁木齐。

第二天：乌鲁木齐-库尔勒 (早/午/晚餐)

早餐后，乘车前往南疆石油城市—库尔勒，又称之为香梨之乡。途中经过达坂城风力发电厂（亚洲最大）】

【博斯腾之莲花湖（含游船）】，其中区东部有若干个直径10-30米的地下热水泉。冬夏喷出热水，湖水自西南流出，为孔雀河源头。湖西侧许多小湖，湖水相通，苇草丛密，间有大片野生莲荷，栖集着各种水鸟。

第三天：库尔勒-库车 (早/午/晚餐)

【轮台胡杨林公园】这里有世界上面积最大、分布最密、存活最好的“第三纪活化石”——40余万亩的天然胡杨林，塔里木胡杨林风景区集塔河自然景观、胡杨景观、沙漠景观为一体，是世界上最古老、面积最大、保存最完整、最原始的胡杨林保护区

第四天：库车 (早/午/晚餐)

【天山神秘大峡谷】由红褐色的巨石在山体群组成，共一个主谷和七条支谷，全长5000多米，谷端至谷口处自然落差200米以上，谷底最宽53米，最窄处0.4米，仅容一人低头弯腰侧身通过。最显著时内有一盛唐时期千佛洞遗址，其壁画艺术水平可与同时代敦煌壁画相媲美。



【克孜尔千佛洞】这里山抱水绕，树木葱郁，风景优美，为荒漠中之绿洲、旷野深处的福地。克孜尔千佛洞是我国最古老的佛教洞窟之一，始凿于公元三世纪前后，历经千年，直到14世纪时废弃。

第五天：库车-阿拉尔 (早/午/晚餐)

【龟兹古城】早在汉代张骞凿空西域之前，龟兹国就已经存在。汉朝在这里设立了安西都护府，龟兹由此成为中央政府在西域的政治和军事中心。

【库车大馕城】

【沙雅太阳岛胡杨林】新疆号称“胡杨之乡”，其南部地区沙雅县境内新发现的一片面积近两百万亩的原始胡杨林，可谓世界之最。

第六天：阿拉尔-和田 (早/午/晚餐)

游第二条沙漠公路，途观胡杨林，然后抵达【塔克拉玛干沙漠】，你也可以在沙漠观景台俯瞰沙漠状景。

【玉龙喀什河】您将途观玉龙喀什河，自古因生产和田白玉而得名。

【千里葡萄长廊】风景名胜葡萄长廊犹如条条绿色的长龙蜿蜒在和田县村村落落，有效地改善了农田小气候，现已成为戈壁绿洲的一大景观。最后自由逛和田有名的夜市。

第七天：和田-喀什 (早/午/晚餐)

【叶尔羌王宫】位于新疆喀什地区莎车县老城和新城之间的阿勒屯德尔瓦兹以北，是叶尔羌汗国时期的王陵，它最早是在1533年为悼念赛义德王朝第一个汗王苏里唐赛义德而修建的。

第八天：喀什-卡拉库里湖-喀什(早/午餐)

【盖孜峡谷】盖孜大峡谷裸露隆起巨大山体，层层叠叠，褶皱纵横。山尖如削、赤红如焰的盖孜峡谷从山崖的横断面，可以清晰的看出不同岩质，是地壳被不断推高，形成的不同断层。

【慕士塔格峰】位于中国新疆维吾尔自治区境内，由于它气势雄伟，冰雪亘古不消，当地人民称它为“冰山之父”。



【卡拉库里湖】号称世界屋脊的帕米尔高原。走进了万山之祖的帕米尔高原，你只有叹服和震惊，昔日楼兰古城的斯文赫定，和畅游中国的马可波罗，当年走的都是这条路。

【白沙湖】独立于浩瀚沙漠中的原生态沙漠湖，没有进水与出水口，沙漠里一般蒸发量都比较大，但这里的水位多年来却没有变化，更不因季节变迁而增多或减少。景致构成十分独特

第九天：喀什（早/午/晚餐）

【艾提尕清真寺】是一个有着浓郁民族风格和宗教色彩的伊斯兰教古建筑群

【吾斯塘博依】被人们誉为“丝路地标：离天堂最近的千年古街”

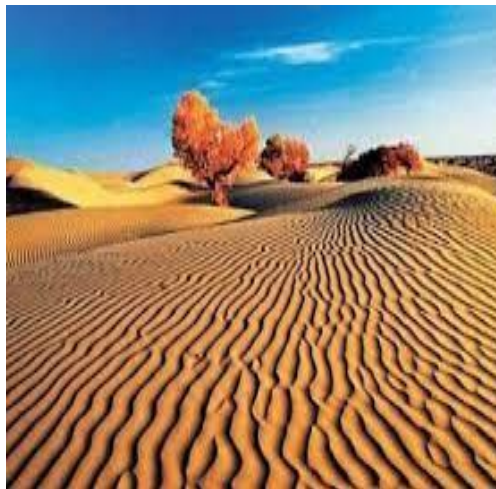
【香妃墓】始建于公元 1640 年前后，距考证，香妃即乾隆皇帝的容妃，传说她身上有沙枣花样异香，人称她为依帕尔汗。香妃墓是新疆古代维吾尔族建筑艺术的典范。

【喀什中西亚国际贸易市场】各种土特产、手工艺品、日用百货、瓜果蔬菜、生产资料以及大小牲畜等应有尽有，是丝绸之路上的商品集散地。在丝绸之路上，来往南北的客商，均在此地汇合

第十天：喀什→(上海/北京/广州)→新加坡
早餐后，送往机场搭乘飞机返回新加坡

备注：

1. 在公司无法预测和控制的情况下，行程可能更改
2. 航班时间，行程顺序，餐食和酒店均以最终确认为准。
3. 全程中文讲解
4. 本公司强烈建议阁下购买个人旅游保险。



TOUR HIGHLIGHTS!

❖ No Shopping Tour

- Lotus Lake(Include boat ride)
- Luntai Diversiform-leaved Populus Forest
- Tianshan Mysterious Grand Canyon
- Kizil Caves
- Qiuci Ancient Town
- ShaYa Populus Euphratica Forest
- Taklimakan Desert
- Grape Corridor
- Yarkand Palace
- Gez Canyon
- Muztagata
- Karakul lake
- White sand Lake
- Id Kah Mosque
- Wustanbowie Handicrafts Street
- Afaq Khoja Mausoleum (Tomb of Xiang Fei)
- Kashgar Bazaar



ACCOMMODATION

4-5* Hotel



Compulsory Tour

Populus Euphratica Forest Train+
Roasted Lamp+ Xiang Fei Tomb Sing
Dance show=RM600



DAY1: Singapore→(or Shanghai/Beijing/Guangzhou) →Urumqi (D)

Today assemble at Changi Airport and take an international flight to Shanghai and then transit to Urumqi, located on the Silk Road.

DAY02: Urumqi - Korla (B/L/D)

After breakfast, you'll take a coach to Korla a city full of petroleum. On your mid way, you'll visit the **【Dabancheng Wind Power Station】**, the largest power station of Asia.

【Lotus Lake(Include boat ride)】 a part of the Bosten Lake which is the largest inland fresh water lake of China

DAY03: Korla - Kuqa (B/L/D)

【Luntai Diversiform-leaved Poplar Forest】 here is the world's largest, the densest, the best existing "tertiary living fossil", that is, more than 40 thousand mu of natural poplar forest. Continue you will proceed to Kuqa

DAY04: Kuqa (B/L/D)

【Tianshan Mysterious Grand Canyon】 which has an elevation of 1,600 meters above sea level while the highest point is 2,048 meters. The canyon is characterized by oddly-shaped rocks, craggy pinnacles, rugged cliffs and deep ravines. The width of the canyon changes due to the terrain. While the broadest point is 53 meter wide, the narrowest place is too narrow for one person to squeeze through sideways

【Kizil Caves】 a set of 236 Buddhist rock-cut caves located near Kizil Township. The caves are said to be the earliest major Buddhist cave complex in East Turkestan, with development occurring between the 3rd and 8th centuries. Although the site has been both damaged and looted, at least 1000 square metres of wall paintings—mostly Jataka stories—remain.

DAY05: Kuqa – Alaer (B/L/D)

【Qiuci Ancient Town】 It's the site of Yan City

of the Han Dynasty and Yiluolu City of the Tang Dynasty.

【Kuqa Big Naan City】

【ShaYa Populus Euphratica Forest】 The largest populus euphratica forest in the world.

DAY06: Alaer - Hotan (B/L/D)

In this morning, you will take coach passthrough the populous euphratica forest via the second desert highway.

【Taklimakan Desert observatory】, one of the largest sandy deserts in the world, ranking 15th in size in a ranking of the world's largest non-polar deserts. It covers an area of 270,000 km² of the Tarim Basin, 1,000 kilometres long and 400 kilometres wide.

【White Jade River】 also known by the native names Baiyu or Yurungkash, is a river in the southern Xinjiang region of China

【Grape Corridor】 The local's use the grape make a grape tunnel, the corridor length more than 1500KM. Last, visit **【Hetian Night Market】**

DAY07: Hotan - Kashgar (B/L/D)

【Yarkand Palace】 Located to the north of Altun Delwaz between the old city and the new city of Yarkand County, it is the royal mausoleum of the Yarkand Khanate.

DAY08: Kashgar-Karakul Lake- Kashgar(B/L)

【Gez Canyon】 you will be amazed at its wondrous diversity of landscapes including the peculiar rocks and steep cliffs, rolling snow-capped mountains and towering glaciers.

【Muztagata】 The Muztagh Ata Peak (translated from Turkish it means the "Father of Ice Mountain") is situated at the territory of north-west China.

【Karakul lake】 Karakul means 'Black sea, which is located at the foot of Muztagh, the father of ice mountain.

【White sand Lake】 White Sand Lake along Karakorum Highway, Xinjiang, China. Connecting

Kashgar and the Pakistan Border and crossing Pamir plateau, this road has some of the most spectacular views of China

DAY09: Kashgar (B/L/D)

【Id Kah Mosque】 As the biggest mosque in China, it is a group of old Islamic constructions with strong ethnic style and religious features.

【Wustanbowie Handicrafts Street】 brings a million tourists a year to sort through its huge array of unique and exotic goods.

【Afaq Khoja Mausoleum (Tomb of Xiang Fei)】 In China the tomb is better known as the Tomb of Xiang Fei, the only Uigur concubine among the 41 wives of Emperor Qianlong in the Qing Dynasty (1644-1911).

【Kashgar Bazaar】 This bazaar also named 'International Trade Market of Central and Western Asia' is the largest international trade market in Northwest China, enjoying the fame 'Material Fair of Central Asia'.

DAY10 Kashgar→(or Shanghai/Beijing/Guangzhou)→Singapore (B)

After breakfast you will transfer to airport take flight back to Singapore

Remarks:

1. Purchase of travel insurance is strongly recommended.

2. All itineraries are subject to changes (due to Flight Schedules, Land and Sea Transport, COVID-19 restrictions and other causes of an unpredictable nature) and final confirmation from our overseas land operators. We, as a Travel Agent cannot be held responsible for any changes being made to the itineraries due to any but not limiting to the above-mentioned factors.

3. Tour is conducted in Mandarin unless otherwise stated.

4. Please refer to Chinese itinerary version for more details.

HAVE A NICE TRIP!!!